

ANDREW CO., REPUBLICAN.

NEWS AND NOTES.

JOHN W. FORNEY, discussing the Democratic or Possom policy of the Democracy, says: Senator Trumbull, of Illinois, who prominently mentioned in the Democratic journals as the Moses who is to lead them into the White House, under a banner of conservatism and reform the revenue and civil service, conceding that day, referring to this subject, said: "I don't believe there is any part of Grant's re-nomination, and of course his election will follow." Trumbull, in common with most men, is a little ambitious for defeat. He is a shrewd to allow his name to be used the leader of a movement which is to end in disaster. "I think," he said, "I will, I think, have yielded to the events of the day. They have seen one day after another endorsement, without reserve, the administration of General Grant. Even in States where attempts were made to prevent this endorsement, it was made, if possible, as strong, and the result, in each case, was an overwhelming Republican victory at the polls.

THAT shrewd political weather vane, New York Herald, has long editorials on the Republican malcontents and their proposition to help the Democracy beat Grant with a renegade Republican. The Herald says that every one of these anti-Grant Republicans is disappointed after expectation of office; that every man of them would have been this day, most likely, crying General Grant to the seventh heaven, if he only given them, and each of them the office or offices asked for or expected. It says: "These political malcontents singly or combined can only enter a corporal's guard of followers against General Grant, and they owe it." In conclusion, the Herald says: "There never was a clearer case in favor than the re-election of General Grant."

THE New York Tribune approves of Mr. Palmer's course in the Sheridan-Possum matter. It has a clear right to do so. It chooses, Greeley approves Mr. Palmer's course because Grant approved Sheridan's. Horace is bound not to let Grant unless Grant will get out the way and help Horace to be President.

A NEW YORK Herald reporter has been talking to General Cox, of Ohio, about the recently announced anti-Grant movement and the expected council Harrisburg for the organization of party to give it force and expression, and he says: "The reply of General Cox: 'All I know of the matter is, I have derived from Mr. Butler's declaration that it was a *canard*. I have heard no such meeting called, having this fact in view, nor do I know if one was held, or contemplated. But to speak so far as my own knowledge concerned, there is not a particle of foundation for the rumor.'

THE Mobile Register has a few words to make about the Possum policy and the gentlemen who have undertaken, through it, to control the action of the Democratic party in the Presidential election. It says: "Be it known, ye Presidential slanders of the North, first, that a man can not make your game and beat Grant without our help in the south; second, that you cannot get that help on the condition of clearest guarantees that we are to be better off than we are now; and third, that the whole people of the United States are to be the securities of their liberties."

THE Ottumwa (Iowa) Courier says: "The Democratic party is in a good deal such a fix as the old maid who went into the woods to pray for a husband. While at the height of her devotion, though she exercises an old maid's set up his too-hoo, too-hoo, and thinking it was the Divine Being answering her prayer, in the joy of her heart, said, 'Anybody Lord.' So it is with the Democracy, good Lord good will send some-body to beat Grant, and let us have a turn at the office."

NOR so fast, Mr. Schurz. Don't cease the Administration of injustice to the heroes of the late war until you are explained how it came about that you bored the President night and day for the appointment of Mr. Jussen to the place of Gen. Corse, one of the heroes of Vicksburg and Altona, as collector of revenue at Chicago. In that regiment, brigade or division did Jussen serve? In the language of Mr. Grandgraze, we want some "hard facts, sir, hard facts."—*Mo. Democrat.*

THE Philadelphia Press says: The President pursues the even tenor of his way. His administration moves with an irresistible success, leaving its opponents paralyzed with wonder and dismay. While the Democrats are plotting how to save themselves and defeat him, he is executing the laws in every part of the Union with a scrupulous fidelity which knows neither fear nor favor.

NATIONAL REVENUE.

The following statement exhibits the amount of national revenue received by the Government for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1871. It will be remembered that for eight months of the first named year the administration was in the hands of the Democracy, with President Johnson at the helm. It will be seen that, notwithstanding the great reduction of taxation, the receipts under President Grant's administration are largely in excess of those under "Democratic supremacy."

Sources.	1870.	1871.
Customs	\$20,048,427	\$20,250,408
Internal Revenue	136,336,431	141,606,113
Miscellaneous	22,508,210	22,905,212
Total	\$258,893,068	\$264,761,733
Excess		\$12,200,195

MR. REVEREY JOHNSON isn't joking, we suppose, when he advises "the Democrats," in the next Presidential campaign, "If they declare any political principles," to put forth nothing "offensive to either Conservative Republicans or Democrats." It seems odd that Mr. Johnson should have expressed any doubt about declaring political principles, because he knew well enough that the "Democrats" have only a small assortment of principles left, while the less said of these the better for the party.

MURPHY is out of the New York Custom House. We condole with our Democratic cotemporaries; they lose one chronic editorial subject for denunciation of Grant.

THE PRESIDENT'S PLATFORM.

The Kansas City Journal says the subjoined statement of principles enunciated by Gen. Grant himself can not be fixed too firmly in the minds of the American people, for it is the noblest summary of principles and purposes ever enunciated by an American President. A little reflection will show that the present administration has adhered closely to the ideas proposed, and to-day the progress and happiness of the people, the stability in business matters, and the general prosperity of the country are all incontrovertible proofs of the integrity of purpose that enunciated these words. Let them be remembered:—

"I would sum up the policy of the administration to be thorough enforcement of every law; a faithful collection of every tax provided for; economy in the disbursement of the same; a prompt payment of every debt of the nation; a reduction of taxes as rapidly as the requirements of the country will admit; reduction of taxation and tariff to be so arranged as to benefit the greatest number; honest and fair dealing with all other people to the end that war with its blighting consequences may be avoided, but without surrendering any rights or obligations due to us; a reform in the treatment of the Indians, and in the whole civil service of the country and finally in securing a pure and untrammelled ballot where every man entitled to vote may do so just once at each election without fear of molestation or oppression on account of his politics, faith, nativity or color."

Gov. Palmer's raid for a Democratic Presidential nomination could scarcely have had a more inauspicious beginning than to be based as it is, upon a persecution and prosecution of Gen. Phil. Sheridan. The gallant little Phil is so near the heart of the American people that he isn't very vulnerable. And a man who attacks upon him isn't the best way in the world.

Here is what Gov. Palmer thought of Sheridan's course before he thought of taking advantage of it for personal and Democratic purposes:—
STATE OF ILLINOIS, EXECUTIVE DEPT.
SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 10, 1871.
Col. R. B. Mason—DEAR SIR: Col. H. Dilger, a distant General, etc., will leave here this evening with one company of militia and one thousand muskets. He will also, after reporting to you, organize for the preservation of order in your city. Col. Dilger is an old soldier, has served under my eye on the field, and will preserve order at all hazards. He has orders to enforce law, and he has muskets enough to do it effectually. Respectfully,
JOHN M. PALMER.
[Indorsement]
Gen. Sheridan: I refer Col. F. Dilger to you for orders. If, in your opinion, the men are not wanted, please order their return.
R. B. MASON, Mayor
[Copy of Telegram]
SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 11, 1871.
Lieutenant General P. Sheridan, Chicago: Please inform me of the number of troops ordered into Chicago by you on account of the fire, and that are now on duty in the city. Thanks for your promptness.
JOHN M. PALMER.
[Copy of Telegram]
H. D. MILL, Div. of the Militia, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 11, 1871.
Gen. John M. Palmer, Springfield, Ill.: Seven companies of United States troops are here or coming, and a regiment is being organized for twenty days service from the old soldiers in the city, which I think will be ample. Shall keep your volunteers for a day or so. Thanks for their
P. H. SHERIDAN, Lieut. General.

THE Kansas City Journal says: Independent radical papers have been constantly making complaint against Grant, that he is all the time at work to secure his re-nomination. If those papers were as fair as they might be, they would go forward and confess that this accusation is purely conjectural on their part. That they are only guessing at it. That there isn't a single instance yet come to the public knowledge where Grant has said one word either way about a re-nomination. There is not a thing that he has done that there is any evidence has been done for the purpose of influencing his re-nomination. Their conclusion is wholly inferential. And these papers would doubtless make the same inference and charge that they do if in each case they complain if Grant had done differently from what he did. Now, since Grant has never said a word about his re-nomination; as there is no particle of evidence that he has ever done a thing to secure his re-nomination, is it nice justice on the part of these papers to be constantly making a positive accusation against Grant, which there isn't a particle of evidence to substantiate? The fact is, no President has ever acted with more discretion and propriety than Grant seems to have done about this matter. He goes right forward doing the work on hand without a word as to whether he does or doesn't want to be his own successor. It seems to be entirely content to do the work of the present and let the future take care of itself. He appoints his friends rather than his enemies to office, and would not make a failure of his administration if he did it. But the unanimous recognition of the Republican party throughout the country that he is to be his own successor is spontaneous. It is not because he has worked for the next term! It is because he has done his duty so well in this. He will be re-nominated and re-elected, and we believe the truth and justice of history will be that Grant was as free from wireworking to attain that result as Abraham Lincoln and George Washington.—*Keokuk (Iowa) Gate City.*

THE Johnson county Democrat, in speaking of the St. Louis Republican thus alludes to its Democracy: "The most we regret is the fall of the Republic from being an advocate of principle to a mere seeker after the spoils of office. Let its recreancy be spurned and despised, and the national democracy move on to future victory."

THE journal that so persistently asserts that Grant can not be elected next year, leads us to wonder why it is so afraid he will be nominated.

MOTTO for the passive Democrat:—

I pass.

DEMOCRATIC EXTRAVAGANCE.

Great efforts are being made latterly by the Democratic leaders to escape responsibility for the extravagance and corruption of Tammany in New York city; but the record of the Democratic State government does not show to much better advantage. In 1865, when the Republicans were in power the total expenses of the State government were \$476,893 65. In 1870, when every department of the State administration was in possession of the Democratic coffers, the total expenses amounted to \$823,483 50—an increase of \$346,579 85, or more than seventy per cent.

And these men who have thus nearly doubled the expenditures of the great State of New York, and who are so fully complicated with Tammany corruption are the same who are aspiring so eagerly for the control of the national finances. In what contrast to this Democratic wastefulness and thievery is the Republican administration of the Federal government, by which, despite a great reduction of taxes, nearly ten millions of the public indebtedness is discharged every month! And how soon would this come to an end if the Tammany Democracy should obtain the management of the national finances? The Democracy in power may be economical, but certainly neither economical nor useful.—*Mo. Democrat.*

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

SALT LAKE, NOV. 26.—Dispatches from Little Cottonwood to-day says the snow on the level is about six feet deep. The residents of Alta City have to dig themselves in and out of their dwellings. Many of the houses are buried in the snow. The storm still continues.

A young man named Perkins was buried by a snow slide, on Wednesday, near the mouth of Wellington river. He was dug out by miners and buried on Thursday morning.

Several of the miners while at work for the body, were caught in the slides and escaped with difficulty.

BRIGHAM'S CASE.

In the court this morning the case of Brigham Young for lewd and lascivious combination was called up, and upon motion of the Prosecuting Attorney, fixed next Monday for the trial. Mr. Homestead, for defense, protested against the order on the ground that it was impossible to have his client here on such short notice. He asked for two weeks, which was refused.

H. B. Clawson and O. E. Bates on the same charge, filed a plea in abatement upon the illegality of the Grand Jury, which was overruled.

A furious snow storm is raging here to-day. The cautions are supposed to be entirely blocked. No communication since yesterday morning.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 28.—The General Assembly met at Columbia to-day. Governor Scott in his message reviews at length the causes which led him to ask the suspension of the habeas corpus as under the Ku-Klux law. He claims that a conciliation proved useless and the courts would not act, and that the whites mistook the magnanimity for weakness. He declined to call out the militia because it consisted of negroes, who would have been slaughtered, and the people to believe that the contest was between the negroes and whites instead of between the friend of the government and its enemies. As late as last spring many prominent citizens promised him their co-operation in the suppression of Ku-Kluxism, but they were not to be trusted. For the people being exhausted, the Governor appealed to the national government to protect the State against domestic violence. He approves of the principle of a minority of representation, and advises changes in the election laws so as to prevent fraud, and urges the Legislature to avoid all unnecessary applications to the courts, and believes the Legislature will act as to prove that Republicanism and good government in South Carolina are not as falsely alleged, inconsistent with each other.

LONDON, November 27.—Col. Rossel was to have been shot at Paris to-day by a party of engineers. Ferre was also shot to-day by a party from the 51st regiment.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—The Commune prisoners, Rossel, Ferre, and Bourgeois, were taken to the Camp of Salaz, the place of execution, under a strong escort. A hollow square was formed by the troops, in one end of which the prisoners were placed. The behavior of the three men was most courageous. The soldiers approached to blindfold them, when Ferre refused to allow a bandage to be placed over his eyes, declaring that he would look his executioners in the face. At seven o'clock a company of dragoons, armed with sabres and bayonets, rode up to the place. Rossel fell at the first discharge and was instantly killed. The bullets did not take immediate effect upon the others, and as they were writhing in the agonies of death, the same shooting party, in obedience to instructions, came up with pistols and gave the coup de grace, and put them out of their agony. The bodies were then placed in plain coffins and immediately removed. The execution took place in the presence of 3000 troops. A profound sensation was produced throughout the city by the details of their death. Young Rossel was much lamented.

SPAIN.

MARRIAGE OF GEN. SICKLES. MADRID, November 27.—Gen. Sickles was married to Miss Cheney to-day, and started for New York immediately. His visit is an object of mystery at present.

—The *Lincoln Bulletin* states that Gen. J. V. Pratt, charged with forging a deed to a tract of land in Linn county, was held to bail to answer the indictment at the December term of the court. The preliminary examination occurred last Thursday.

STRAY NOTICE.

Taken up by Jas. M. Hicklin of Rochester township, in Andrew County, and posted before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace, within and for said County, the following described animals to-wit: One white and red spotted cow, eight or nine years old, marked, crop off of each ear, and under bit in the left, branded with letter L, on left hip; also one white cow with roan sides 9 or 10 years old, marked, crop off of the right ear, under bit in left, branded with the letter L, no other marks or brands perceivable; and said animals were promised at fifteen dollars each by D. B. McElroy and John Cook, who were first duly qualified by me for that purpose; and I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy, from my list of strays.
H. BLOUNT,
Justice of the Peace.

MORTGAGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Whereas Jason Pope, John Pope and Susan E. Pope wife of John Pope, on the 16th day of February 1870 by their certain deed of Mortgage of that date, recorded at page 508 of book 19 of the records of Andrew County Missouri, conveyed to Valentine Graff ser., the following described Real estate situated in Andrew County Missouri to-wit: The North-East quarter of the South-East quarter of section No. Twenty-nine of Township Fifty-nine of Range thirty-five, containing Forty acres more or less. Which said Conveyance was made for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain note therein described as follows to-wit: Payable twelve months from date, for Five hundred and fifty Dollars, with interest from date at ten per cent, and signed John Pope and Jason Pope, dated February 9th 1870, and whereas, it is further provided in said conveyance that if the said note and interest be not well and truly paid when the same becomes due and payable according to the tenor and effect thereof that the said Valentine Graff ser., or his legal representatives might proceed to sell the said Real Estate at public auction at the South door of the Court house in the city of Savannah, first giving at least 30 days public notice of the time, place and place of said sale and of the property to be sold by advertisement in the county newspaper published in the city of Savannah County of Andrew and State of Missouri.

And whereas the whole of said note and the interest thereon from the 9th day of February 1871 still remains due and unpaid. Therefore by virtue of the power vested in me by the aforesaid deed and the law, I shall on

Saturday the 6th Day of January, A. D. 1872, at the South door of the Court House in the city of Savannah County of Andrew and State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day proceed to sell the Real estate in said deed of Mortgage described as follows to-wit: The North east quarter of the South-east quarter of section twenty-nine of Township fifty-nine of Range thirty-five, containing forty acres, for cash in hand at Public Auction and outcry, for the purposes in said deed mentioned and set forth.
VALENTINE GRAFF Ser.,
Dec. 1st 1871. Mortgagee.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court for Andrew County made on the 20th day of November 1871, I have taken charge of the estate of George J. Feldner late of Andrew County deceased. Thereof all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them to the undersigned for allowance within one year from this date, or they may be precluded from any benefit from said estate and if they are not so presented within two years they will be forever barred. Dec. 6, 1871.
ALLEN HOLT,
Public Administrator,
Andrew County Mo.

C. WASSMER, Dealer in and Manufacturer of Furniture, AND METALIC COFFINS.

North Side Square, Savannah, Mo. Coffins of all sizes kept on hand. I also keep constantly on hand a large quantity of the best quality of lumber to make any kind of Furniture desired. Give me a call, I cannot be undersold by any dealer West of the Mississippi.

Stray Notice.

Taken up by a stray by WILLIAM H. Bates of Jefferson Township, in the county of Andrew and State of Missouri, and posted before the undersigned Justice of the Peace, within and for said County, the following described animal to-wit: One mouse colored mare about 15 hands high and about nine years old, appears to be weak in limbs, appeared at six dollars by Samuel Riley and Charles Trance who were first duly qualified by me for that purpose.
E. B. STINSON,
Justice of the Peace.

SAVANNAH MARKET RE QTT.

Revised weekly by W. A. Price, Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.		
Butter, choice, per lb.	16	18
Eggs, per dozen.	15	10
Green Hides, per lb.	6	7
Lard, new.	6	7
Green Hides, salted, per lb.	7	8
Dry Flint Hides, per lb.	15	16
Sheep Pelts.	20	1 50
Beeswax.	25	00
Fall Wheat, per bush.	1 00	1 25
Oats.	22	00
Rye.	40	45

GROCERIES—RETAIL.

Coffee, per lb.	20	25
Coffee Sugar, per lb.	14	15
Louisiana Sugar, per lb.	12	13
Porto Rico Sugar, per lb.	10	12
Maize, per dozen boxes.	50	00
Soda, per lb.	7	8
Tea, per lb.	1 20	1 75
Star Candles, per lb.	16	17
Plug Tobacco, per lb.	60	85
Cheese, per lb.	20	00
Brooms, best, three for	20	00
Salt, per bbl.	3 15	3 20
Clover Seed, new, per bush.	8 00	0 00
Red Top Seed, new, per bush.	2 50	0 00
Timothy Seed, per bush.	25	00
Blue Grass Seed, per bush.	25	00
Stoneware, per gallon.	14	00
Coal Oil, per gallon.	25	00
Rope, per lb.	25	00
Flour, XXX, per cwt.	4 00	0 00
Corn Meal, per bush.	50	00
Syrup, per gallon.	60	90
Rice, per lb.	11	00
potatoes, per bushel	45	00

JOB PRINTING

PLAIN & ORNAMENTAL

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AT THIS OFFICE

New and Legal Advertisements.

North Missouri Fruit Nursery.

This Nursery is located two and a half miles east of Rosendale, a station on the Missouri Valley Railroad, and two and a half miles west of Whitesville, Andrew County, Mo.; with several Branch Nurseries in the adjoining counties.

The proprietors take this method of informing the public that they have by far the most extensive and complete stock of Fruit Trees, Vines, Shrubs, &c.,

in North-west Missouri. Will have over Two Hundred Thousand Trees, from one to three years old, to dispose of in the spring of 1872. Also, a large amount of Osage Orange Hedge Plants. We have over one hundred varieties of Apples, Peaches, and Pears and in proportion; therefore, no purchaser need have any fear but that his order will be filled with any named variety that he may select.

We trust that we shall be enabled to conduct our business upon a principle that we may afford entire satisfaction to every customer, as we look with a jealous eye to our reputation as Nurserymen and dealers.

Persons not thoroughly acquainted with fruit most favorable to its climate, leaving the selections to us, rely on receiving the leading and best varieties. We will furnish an essay to each of our patrons, giving instructions in regard to the best manner of heading in trees, to keep them over winter, setting, pruning, growing an orchard &c.

We flatter ourselves that we shall be enabled to furnish all kinds of nursery stock, on as liberal terms as any other dealers in the west.

Address all orders to

E. N. BARROWS & Co., Savannah Andrew County, Mo.

W. A. Price will pay \$1.25 per bushel for all No. 1 Fall Wheat.

INSURANCE

Continental of New York, CAPITAL 1,000,000

H. A. SMITH,

Soliciting agent for the Counties of Platte, Buchanan, Andrew, south part of Nodaway, Worth, Gentry and De Kalb. The Continental passed through the Chicago Fire without impairing her Capital. Henry A. Smith formerly agent for the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co., is now devoting his time exclusively soliciting Insurance in this sterling Company, he may be found at Greenlee's Law office, Savannah, Missouri.

Final Settlement. Creditors and all others interested in the estate of Mary D. Martin deceased will take notice that the undersigned E. A. Carson, Executor of the last Will and testament, will at the next term of the Probate Court to be held at the office of the Judge of Probate in Savannah, Andrew County Missouri, on Monday the 15th day of the month of December, 1871, make final settlement of said estate and ask to be discharged from further responsibility as such executor. E. A. Carson, Executor. Nov. 15th 1871.

Final Settlement. Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of William A. White a minor, that Frank Knickerbocker Guardian of said minor, will at the next term of the Probate Court to be held at the office of the Judge of Probate in Savannah, Andrew County Missouri, on Monday the 15th day of the month of December, 1871, make final settlement of his accounts as such Guardian and Curator and ask to be discharged from further responsibility as such Guardian and Curator. RICHARD WHITE, Guardian and Curator. P. S. FORTNEY, Attorney. W. S. GREENLEE, Clerk. 4th

Final Settlement. Creditors and all others interested in the Estate of Jane Lanier deceased will take notice that the undersigned Administrator will make final settlement of said estate at the next term of the Probate Court to be held at the office of the Judge of Probate in Savannah, Andrew County Missouri, to be held at the office of the Judge of Probate in Savannah, Andrew County Missouri, on Monday the 15th day of the month of December, 1871, in charge of Estate of Jane Lanier deceased.

Final Settlement. The undersigned Guardian and Curator of John Z. White Elizabeth White and Pauline Z. White minor heirs of the late John White deceased will at the next term of the Probate Court to be held at the office of the Judge of Probate in Savannah, Andrew County Missouri, to be held at the office of the Judge of Probate in Savannah, Andrew County Missouri, on Monday the 15th day of the month of December, 1871, make final settlement of his accounts as such Guardian and Curator and ask to be discharged from further responsibility as such Guardian and Curator. RICHARD WHITE, Guardian and Curator. P. S. FORTNEY, Attorney. W. S. GREENLEE, Clerk. 4th

Stray Notice. Taken up by HENRY SHEPHERD of Nodaway Township in Andrew County Missouri and posted before Jesse John Justice of the Peace, within and for said County, the following described animal to-wit: One yearling bull of a dark red color, with white on the hump of the tail, marked with a crop and sits in the left ear, appeared at fifteen dollars by William Smith, Daniel Foster and Fredrick Bahr. A true copy HENRY SHEPHERD

Stray Notice. Taken up by John Sisson of Platte Township Andrew County Mo, on the 9th day of November 1871 and posted before Jesse John Justice of the Peace, a small mare mule supposed to be one year old last spring, no other brands or marks perceivable, Appraised at \$20 by David Sison, Fredrick Bahr, and John W. Sisson, who were sworn for that purpose by Jesse John J. P. Nov. 15th 1871.

Stray Notice. Taken up by David Sison of Platte Township Andrew County Mo, on the 9th day of November 1871 and posted before Jesse John Justice of the Peace, One roan cow supposed to be 3 years old past, marked with a smooch crop off the right ear and under bit on the left ear, also brand on left hip letter under bit on the right ear, and brand perceivable, Appraised at \$10 by John W. Sisson, Fredrick Bahr, and John W. Sisson, who were sworn for that purpose by Jesse John J. P. November 15th 1871.

JACOB EADER, MERCHANT TAILOR.

North side Square Savannah Mo.

has had an experience of many years. And all his work is First Class in style and material

W. B. HOWARD,

PROPRIETOR

SAVANNAH NURSERY.

If you want a choice lot of fruit and Ornamental Trees, go to the Savannah Nursery.

The East side Butcher shop will pay the highest cash price for Hides and Pelts.

W. B. Howard has a large assortment of House Plants for sale cheap, at his Nursery.

I will slaughter and dress hogs and cattle on reasonable terms, and deliver on Tuesday's and Fridays of each week. W. B. Howard.

APPLES WANTED! Custom order made Wednesdays of each week, at the horse power mill. W. B. Howard, proprietor.

H. S. KELLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW

Savannah Missouri, Will practice before Justices of the Peace, and in all the courts in the State.

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Spaldings Commercial College,

W. A. Price will pay \$1.25 per bushel for all No. 1 Fall Wheat.

The most practical and best Established Actus Business College in the Country. Located in the First Goodie Palace Building, No. 712 and 714 Main street bet. 7th and 8th sts.

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are six in number, the largest, best ventilated and most elegantly furnished apartments of the kind in the country, and Accom date Four Hundred & eighty dollars. The Faculty numbers Eighteen, experienced Teachers. Tuition is much less than at any other school or College.

For full information in regard to terms, etc., call at the College Rooms or address SPALDING'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, Kansas City, Mo. For large Circulars of fifty-six pages, and a prospectus, send for them.

Be sure to visit on a Saturday before going elsewhere. J. F. SPALDING, A. M. President.

Savannah Mo.

WILLIAM S. GREENLEE,

Attorney at Law,

SAVANNAH, MO

STRONGS & HEDENBERG,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office no. 21 Leix street and Market Square.

ST. JOSEPH Mo.